

ADULT SOCIAL CARE AND PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Tuesday, 14th June 2022

REPORT TITLE:	2022/23 BUDGET MONITORING AND 2023/24 BUDGET SETTING PROCESSES
REPORT OF:	DIRECTOR OF RESOURCES

REPORT SUMMARY

This report sets out how the 2022/23 budget will be monitored through the Committee system, which will facilitate the Policy and Services Committees (the Committees) to take ownership of their specific budgets and present appropriate challenge and scrutiny of Officers on the management and performance of those budgets.

The concurrent activity of budget setting for 2023/24, and how this will be approached, is also set out in this report; incorporated in which are:

- revisions to the approved Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) the formulation of savings proposals and presentation of pressure/growth items
- the application of the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) principles that underpin the budget process and decision-making, with links to the Wirral Plan
- how savings plans are to be configured
- considerations of requisite consultation exercises
- the role of the Finance Sub-Committee

This matter relates to all Wards within the Borough and is not a key decision.

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that the Adult Social Care and Public Health Committee:

- 1. Note the process for in-year monitoring of the 2022/23 budget
- 2. Note the 2023/24 budget setting process
- 3. Agree to establish and appoint a Budget Monitoring Panel to comprise of the Committee Chair and Spokespersons, in line with Section 3.12 of the report with sessions to be led by the relevant Director/Assistant Director.
- 4. Agree to establish and hold budget workshops as detailed in Section 3.26 of the report, the outcome of which to be reported back to Committee in September 2022.

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

1.0 REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1.1 The 2022/23 Council budget was agreed at Full Council on 28 February 2022. This budget was made up of savings proposals, pressures/growth items and funding that were based on actual known figures or best estimates available at the time. At any point during the year, these estimated figures could change and need to be monitored closely to ensure, if adverse, mitigating actions can be taken immediately to ensure a balanced budget can be reported to the end of the year.
- 1.2 The Council has a legal responsibility to set an annual balanced budget, which sets out how financial resources are to be allocated and utilised. In order to successfully do so, engagement with members, staff and residents is undertaken. The recommendations in this report inform that approach. In addition, the proposed budget setting process and timeline is detailed in this report, which will facilitate a robust approach in order to meet organisational requirements.
- 1.3 Failure to set a lawful budget in time may lead to a loss of revenue, significant additional administrative costs, as well as reputational damage. Failure to set a legal budget may lead to intervention from the Secretary of State under section 15 the Local Government Act 1999.
- 1.4 Managing and setting a budget will require difficult decisions to ensure that a balanced position can be presented. Regular Member engagement, which this report forms part of, is considered essential in delivering effective governance and financial oversight.

2.0 OTHER OPTIONS CONSIDERED

- 4.1 The proposals set out in this report are presented to allow for efficient and effective budget monitoring activity that can be conducted in a timely manner. Similarly, the approach to budget setting is considered to allow the maximum time for presentation, scrutiny and consultation on budget proposals, within an agreed framework. As such, it is considered that to meet the business needs and address the challenges that the Council faces that no alternative options are viable or appropriate at this time.
- 4.2 Not engaging with the Committee at this time, on the matters set out, was an option that was available, however it is considered that involvement of Committees as soon as practical after the agreement of the 2022/23 budget will best assist in delivering the benefits detailed in paragraph 2.1, whilst minimising the risk of an unbalanced budget being presented.
- 4.3 In the event of the Section 151 Officer determining that a balanced financial position could not be presented, the Section 151 Officer would be required to issue a section 114 notice and report this to all Members of Full Council. The outcome of which could result in intervention by the Government.

3.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Budget Monitoring Process

- 3.1 On 28 February 2022 Full Council approved the 2022/23 budget, which included significant budget savings/efficiencies (details provided at Appendix B) in order to present a balanced position for the year.
- 3.2 The calculation of the 2022/23 budget was prepared using known figures or best estimates available at the time. At any point during the year, internal or external factors may influence a change in these estimates which could either have a favourable or adverse impact on the ability to deliver a balanced position at financial year-end.
- 3.3 In order to ensure that a balanced position can be achieved, it is imperative that a robust process for monitoring and managing the budget is in place.
- 3.4 An internal officer governance process is in place, in line with past activity, to scrutinise and challenge budget performance in advance of financial forecasts being presented to the Committees. This process includes:
 - Budget holders routinely reviewing budget reports and transactions for accuracy and completeness
 - Regular meetings between budget holders and finance business partners (FBP) to review income and expenditure positions to date and to determine future commitments in order to present reliable forecasts
 - Directorate Management Team (DMT) review of the outcomes of the budget holder/FBP meetings
 - Scrutiny and challenge by DMTs as to the robustness of the figures and forecast presented in the context of Directorate-wide activity
 - DMT agreement on appropriate remedial action where necessary
 - Corporate Management Team review and challenge of the forecast position via the Operational Performance Group (OPG)
 - Referral and/or escalation to Investment and Change Board for organisational oversight in conjunction with other corporate initiatives (Strategic Leadership and Corporate Management Team members)
 - Progress on savings items monitored through ICB
 - Referral to quarterly Strategic Leadership Team performance meeting for Senior Officer scrutiny and agreement
 - Presentation to Committees
- 3.5 For the first meetings in the new municipal year, the Committees will receive confirmation of their budget position, detailed by function, to facilitate an understanding of income and expenditure monitoring against activity (see Appendix D).
- 3.6 The Committees will be responsible for ensuring that the budget is utilised effectively and responsibly and remains within the relevant budget envelope, identifying savings where appropriate to mitigate any adverse positions that may transpire in-year. Once the Annual Budget and related policy framework is approved it becomes the Council's decision and is effective immediately in respect of the relevant financial year in scope. The Council's Constitution provides that Policy and Service

Committees and Officers are required to implement the Council's budget and policy framework as set out at Budget Council. In normal operating conditions, Policy and Service Committee may only take decisions which are fully consistent with the Council approved budget and policy framework. It is expected that Committee budgets will be effectively managed in-year within the agreed cash limited budget and value for money will be secured. Chief Officers must ensure that no commitments are made that would result in an approved budget being exceeded.

- 3.7 Policy and Resources Committee will be responsible for ensuring that the entire budget will be in balance, including providing mitigating actions to bring the budget back in line from any adverse variance position that may be forecast, which may take the form of providing direction to other Service Committees. Policy and Resources Committee will be responsible for advising Full Council on organisation-wide financial activity.
- 3.8 To enable the Committees to manage and monitor budgets effectively in-year, a suite of detailed information will be provided on a quarterly basis, comprising:
 - A revenue budget monitoring report for the preceding quarter that will include a full-year forecast
 - Full list of budget savings proposals and the progress for their achievement
 - Full list of reserves allocated to the Committee for future one-off commitments
 - A capital budget monitoring report for the preceding quarter that will include a full-year forecast
 - Other specific financial information relevant to the individual committee's decision-making process.
- 3.9 This information will be made available at the earliest committee meeting, following the quarter end and completion of the internal governance process, detailed in paragraph 3.4. The anticipated timetable for reporting quarterly financial information to committee is:
 - Quarter 1 (1 Apr 30 Jun): September 22
 - Quarter 2 (1 Jul 30 Sep): November 22
 - Quarter 3 (1 Oct 31 Dec): February 23
 - Quarter 4 (1 Jan 31 Mar): June 23

(see Appendix A for a flow chart of the process for monitoring the 2022/23 budget).

- 3.10 Each Committee is requested to establish a Budget monitoring panel to facilitate regular space to review the budget position in between scheduled committee meetings during stages of the financial year.
- 3.11 The Budget Monitoring Panel will comprise of the Committee Chair and Spokespersons, the relevant Director and Assistant Directors (as required), a Finance and Democratic Service representative.
- 3.12 The purpose of this group is to: -

Roles and responsibilities

- Ensure that Members are receiving the most current financial data and are monitoring the budget throughout the year.
- Question the Director on the financial data before they are available to the wider committee membership and ahead of the scheduled Committee meeting.
- Seek further explanatory information from the Director/Assistant Director where necessary.
- Request that certain additional information is provided to the group.
- Make suggestions as to how the information is presented.
- Make links between financial performance and activity, to inform decision making of the Committee.
- Inform the process of efficiency target setting and monitor performance against delivery of efficiency targets agreed.

Membership

The Panel will be made up of the Chair, Vice-Chair and Group Spokespersons of the Adult Social Care and Public Health Committee

Meetings are to be held informally on a monthly basis.

- 3.13 The Committees have the autonomy (subject to delegation levels) to enact budget virements (transfers) from one function to another within their overall committee budget envelope. Virements will also need to be agreed by the Section 151 Officer as there are certain conditions where budgets are not allowed to be transferred for the purposes of gaining a specific benefit e.g. where budgets from supplies budget headings are transferred to employee budget headings to take advantage of an uplift for pay inflation.
- 3.14 The Committees will be responsible for containing net expenditure within their overall budget envelope and not overspending. Where an adverse variance is forecast, each committee will be required to take remedial action, with detailed plans and timeframes, to bring the budget back in line and ensure that overspends are mitigated.
- 3.15 Where a committee has taken all possible steps for remedial action and is unable to fully mitigate an overspend, this must be reported to the Policy and Resources Committee who will then take an organisational-wide view of how this adverse variance will be managed. There must be immediate action agreed to ensure a deliverable, balanced forecast position can be reported, and this will be monitored on a monthly basis by the Policy and Resources Committee.
- 3.16 Whilst each committee is required to remain within its annual budget envelope, situations may transpire that demonstrate an in-year favourable forecast variance being reported to a Committee. Committees wishing to use any forecast underspend, must have approval from the P&R Committee.
- 3.17 The Council must not be in a situation where one Committee is forecasting an overspend, unable to mitigate it, and another Committee is forecasting an underspend and takes a decision to utilise this for unplanned growth purposes. The

- Policy and Resources Committee will be responsible for ensuring that operating in silos does not occur and that resources are aligned to Council objectives at all times.
- 3.18 The Policy and Resources Committee has ultimate responsibility for taking any necessary steps required to ensure a whole Council budget can report a balanced position throughout the year. The Section 151 Officer will be responsible for ensuring that any budget actions, proposals and mitigations are achievable and legal.
- 3.19 In addition to the standard budget monitoring process, as outlined above (see Appendix A for a flow chart of the process for monitoring the 2022/23 budget), which will include reviews of savings related activity, in 2022/23 additional scrutiny will be provided to ensure that agreed savings are delivered in a timely manner, in line with the original proposal. Three specific review routes will exist to support financial oversight and the delivery of savings:
 - Finance Sub-Committee,
 - Chief Executive led savings delivery board (Star Chamber) and
 - the Independent Panel.
- 3.20 The Finance Sub-Committee will meet to support the Policy and Resources Committee in its aims of providing strategic direction to the operation of the Council, to maintain a strategic overview of budgets and to provide a coordinating role across all other service committees through a 'whole council view' of budget monitoring.
- 3.21 A savings delivery board (Star Chamber) will be convened with the aim of facilitating regular, in-depth senior officer and member engagement on savings progress in order to review and challenge activity to date, as well as plans to be subsequently actioned, in order to deliver on the savings proposals agreed by Full Council.
- 3.22 The Independent Panel, established in response to the external assurance review conducted by the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC) in 2021, meets monthly and has an independent scrutiny and advisory role to support the Council's improvement journey and the stabilisation of its financial position. Panel Members have considerable experience and expertise and will have a key role in providing assurance to the Council and DLUHC that improvements are being made in line with the recommendations that were set out in the external assurance review reports.

Budget Setting Process

- 3.23 The process for setting the budget for 2023/24 will commence immediately, building on the MTFP that was approved by Full Council on 28 February, as recommended by Policy and Resources Committee.
- 3.24 The most recent version of the MTFP contains a number of financial pressures and savings for 2023/24 (and beyond) that illustrate a budget gap of £8.2m. The budget setting process will need to close the budget gap, which will fluctuate during 2022/23 subject to further information and analysis of potential financial pressures as well as obtaining clarity on government and other funding available to the Council.

- 3.25 Included within the MTFP for 2023/24 is a suite of proposals for consideration in the proposed budget setting process. Officers will develop business cases for these proposals which will be shared with the Committees at budget workshops.
- 3.26 The budget workshops, currently scheduled for 27th June, 26th July and 5th September a number of which will be convened between now and August in line with individual committee requirements, will allow current budget intelligence to be reviewed, challenged and modified. In order to close the budget gap, it will be necessary to consider a number of approaches, which will include:
 - reviewing budget pressures with the aim of reducing them
 - reviewing income streams to ensure that maximum benefits are being obtained
 - reviewing opportunities for budget efficiencies and savings.
- 3.27 It is considered vital that clear direction is given by Policy & Resources Committee to each Committee in respect of their budget setting objectives. To facilitate this, it is recommended that budget envelopes are constructed for each Committee to work to in order to provide a framework and clear goals to the approaches noted in paragraph 3.30. The Finance Sub-Committee will play a key role in this process.
- 3.28 The methodology for constructing budget envelopes will follow the convention adopted for 2022/23, whereby MTFS principles were aligned to Directorate activity through targets that:
 - Produce a balanced budget and MTFP
 - Prioritise statutory services and objectives in line with the Wirral Plan
 - Ensure that non-statutory services that are not supporting statutory services will be delivered only where there is no net cost to the Council
 - Facilitate a strengthening of our reserves to ensure we have funds for the future to support the Wirral Plan
 - Demonstrate an appropriate approach to corporate risk.
- 3.29 Each Committee, via the budget workshops, will be accountable for identifying, developing and agreeing reductions in pressures and deliverable savings proposals to close the 2023/24 budget gap and ensure a draft balanced budget can be considered by the Policy & Resources Committee in September 2022, to enable budget consultation to start in a timely manner in October 2022. See Appendix C for a flow chart of the process for the 2023/24 budget and timeline.
- 3.30 In developing budget proposals, and reviewing budget activity, each Committee must adhere to the MTFS guiding principles, in order to ensure that the Council will:
 - a. Set fees and charges commensurate with a going market rate for the services we provide and make concessions available for vulnerable groups.
 - b. Set spending levels for services not higher than the Metropolitan average to ensure we can demonstrate value for money for resident funding, unless there are exceptional circumstances.
 - c. Ensure a digital first approach and review all services to ensure we are making full and immediate use of digital capacity and automation.
 - d. Ensure that our non-statutory services are not subsidised at the detriment of statutory services, unless an evidenced return on investment is demonstrated.

- e. Ensure our establishment is at the required level for the services we need to provide and where it needs to be reduced, we will attempt to redeploy staff or provide opportunities for staff to exit the organisation voluntarily before making any compulsory redundancies.
- f. Only allocate resources to the themes in the Wirral Plan and where beneficial outcomes can be evidenced.
- g. Provide opportunities for communities to engage in where we allocate our resources whilst being clear and realistic about affordability.
- h. Consider a range of delivery mechanisms for providing services appropriate to the most beneficial outcomes for communities.
- i. Aim to promote and stimulate strong and sustainable growth to generate future income flows.
- j. Support trusted partners by leveraging external funding and, within risk-based controls, use the Council's covenant strength to enable regeneration.
- k. Within 2 years build up and maintain its general fund balances at 5% of its net revenue budget and will maintain a suite of earmarked reserves that will be used for specific projects to support the key priorities and safeguard against financial risk.
- I. Not use any one-off Council funding to underpin the revenue budget.
- m. Recognise the impact of council tax increases on the public and consider this alongside the annual budget setting process.
- n. Ensure that expenditure is contained within the budget envelope and where unforeseen circumstances result in a risk that expenditure will exceed the budget envelope, produce immediate plans to bring it back in line.
- 3.31 At Policy & Resources Committee 1 December 2021, it was approved that the Chief Executive progress and implement the Change Programme and required service reviews to deliver a new Council operating model. The programme of activity takes account of the DLUHC external assurance review recommendations and has been positioned as part of the Council's evidence that it has the capability to implement a programme of change to deliver the required savings to achieve financial sustainability the related undertakings will lend support to the Committees' aims of closing the budget gap for 2023/24.
- 3.32 The service review framework provides a consistent tool for the application of operating model principles enabling services to re-imagine how best to configure their service offer, in order to maximise desired outcomes. The framework will also apply zero based budgeting principles to ensure resources are aligned to required activity. Financial goals for service reviews will be formed during an assessment stage using benchmarking and other relevant information. Local context and previous decisions will also be considered. All service reviews will present opportunities and recommendations through costed business cases and will embed operating model design principles.
- 3.33 Service reviews will be business-led and carried out in line with the MTFS, DLUHC recommendations, operating model design principles and key strategies. Service reviews are currently mobilised to support previously agreed high value budget saving proposals in Revenues and Benefits, Leisure Services and Library Services. Further information will be provided to the Finance sub-Committee in respect of

further prioritisation and service recommendations to support budget setting activity. The outcome of the service reviews will be reported to and approved by, where relevant, the Policy and Services Committees in forming the financial recovery plan and 2023/24 budget and may be implemented in advance of the 2023/24 budget being set.

4.0 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 This report sets out the 2022/23 budget monitoring process and the 2023/24 budget setting process and has no direct financial implications. The outcome of each process will, if not adhered to or a suitable alternative process agreed, have significant financial implications however as the proposals set out control environments and a timeline of activity deemed necessary as part of sound financial management regime.
- 4.2 If either the 2022/23 budget or 2023/24 budget cannot be balanced, this may result in a Section 114 report being issued by the Section 151 Officer once issued there are immediate constraints on spending whereby no new expenditure is permitted, with the exception of that funding statutory services, including safeguarding vulnerable people, however existing commitments and contracts can continue to be honoured.
- 4.3 The Council delivers both statutory and non-statutory services at present the requirement to eliminate subsidies provided to non-statutory services is considered to be a key requirement in delivering value for money and ensuring that finite resources are targeted on beneficial outcomes.
- 4.4 The FM Code requires the Council to demonstrate that the processes they have in place satisfy the principles of good financial management, based on the following six principles:
 - Organisational Leadership demonstrating a clear strategic direction based on a vision in which financial management is embedded into organisation culture.
 - Accountability based on Medium-Term Financial Planning, that derives the annual budget process supported by effective risk management, quality supporting data and whole life costs.
 - Financial management undertaken with transparency at its core using consistent, meaningful and understandable data, reported frequently with evidence of periodic officer actions and elected member decision making.
 - Professional standards Adherence to professional standards is promoted by the leadership team and is evidenced.
 - Assurance sources of assurance are recognised as an effective tool
 mainstreamed into financial management, including political scrutiny and
 the results of external audit, internal audit and inspection.
 - Sustainability The long-term sustainability of local services is at the heart of all financial management processes and is evidenced by prudent use of public resources.

5.0 LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

- 5.1 The Policy and Resources Committee, in consultation with the respective Policy and Service Committees, has been charged by Council to formulate a draft Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) and budget to recommend to the Council.
- 5.2 The Council must set the budget in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and approval of a balanced budget each year is a statutory responsibility of the Council. Sections 25 to 29 of the Local Government Act 2003 impose duties on the Council in relation to how it sets and monitors its budget. These provisions require the Council to make prudent allowance for the risk and uncertainties in its budget and regularly monitor its finances during the year. The legislation leaves discretion to the Council about the allowances to be made and action to be taken.
- 5.3 Section 30(6) of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 provides that the Council has to set its budget before 11th March in the financial year preceding the one in respect of which the budget is set.
- 5.4 The provisions of section 25, Local Government Act 2003 require that, when the Council is making the calculation of its budget requirement, it must have regard to the report of the chief finance (s.151) officer as to the robustness of the estimates made for the purposes of the calculations and the adequacy of the proposed financial reserves.
- 5.5 Consultation must take place in accordance with the Council's duties under section 65 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992. The consultation process, including the Council's consideration of the responses, is required to comply with the following overarching obligations (unless detailed statutory rules supplant these):
 - (a) Consultation must be at a time when proposals are at a formative stage.
 - (b) The proposer must give sufficient reasons for its proposals to allow consultees to understand them and respond to them properly.
 - (c) Consulters must give sufficient time for responses to be made and considered.
 - (d) Responses must be conscientiously taken into account in finalising the decision. This is the same whether or not a public body was required to consult or chooses to do so. This is because all of those rules are aspects of an overriding requirement for 'fairness'. The process must be substantively fair and have the appearance of fairness. The setting of the budget and council tax by Members involves their consideration of choices.
- 5.6 When considering options, Members must bear in mind their fiduciary duty to the council taxpayers of Wirral. Members must have adequate evidence on which to base their decisions on the level of quality at which services should be provided.
- 5.7 Where a service is provided pursuant to a statutory duty, it would not be lawful to fail to discharge it properly or abandon it, and where there is discretion as to how it is to be discharged, that discretion should be exercised reasonably.

- The report sets out the relevant considerations for Members to consider during their deliberations and Members are reminded of the need to ignore irrelevant considerations. Members have a duty to seek to ensure that the Council acts lawfully. Members must not come to a decision which no reasonable authority could come to; balancing the nature, quality and level of services which they consider should be provided, against the costs of providing such services.
- 5.9 There is a particular requirement to take into consideration the Council's fiduciary duty and the public sector equality duty in coming to its decision.
- 5.10 The public sector equality duty is that a public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to: (1) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Equality Act 2010; (2) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it; and (3) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.
- 5.11 Any decision made in the exercise of any function is potentially open to challenge if the duty has been disregarded. The duty applies both to Full Council when setting the budget and to the Policy and Services Committees when considering decisions.
- 5.12 Once a budget is in place, Council has delegated responsibility to the Policy and Services Committees to implement it. The Committees **may not within, normal business operating conditions,** act contrary to the Budget without consent of Council other than in accordance with the Procedure Rules set out at Part 4(3) of the Constitution.
- 5.13 It is essential, as a matter of prudence that the financial position continues to be closely monitored. In particular, Members must satisfy themselves that sufficient mechanisms are in place to ensure both that agreed savings are delivered and that new expenditure is contained within the available resources. Accordingly, any proposals put forward must identify the realistic measures and mechanisms to produce those savings.

6.0 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS: STAFFING, ICT AND ASSETS

6.1 At this time, there are no additional resource implications. There may be resource requirements of any action resulting in remedial or mitigating tasks if an adverse forecast is reported with regards the 2022/23 budget in year, however these will be reported at the appropriate time.

7.0 RELEVANT RISKS

7.1 The Council's ability to maintain a balanced budget is dependent on a proactive approach due to estimated figures being provided in the calculation for the budget, albeit the best estimates available at the time, plus any amount of internal and external factors that could impact on the budget position in year. Examples of which are new legislation, increased demand, loss of income, increased funding, decreased funding, inability to recruit to posts, ongoing impact of the pandemic, etc.

- 7.2 A robust monitoring and management process for the budget is in place. If at any time during the year an adverse position is forecast, remedial action must be agreed and implemented immediately to ensure the budget can be brought back to balanced position.
- 7.3 The risk of this not being able to be achieved could mean that the Council does not have enough funding to offset its expenditure commitments for the year and therefore not be able report a balanced budget at the end of the year. This could result in the Section 151 Officer issuing a Section 114 notice.
- 7.4 A key risk to the Council's financial plans is that funding and demand assumptions in particular can change as more information becomes available. As such, the MTFP is regularly reviewed and updated as part of routine financial management.
- 7.5 Under the system of retained Business Rates, Authorities benefit from a share of any increased revenues but are liable for at least a share of any falls in income (subject to safety net triggers) and any non-collection. This includes reductions arising from appeals relating to past years which partially fall on the Authority. These risks are mitigated through a combination of the operation of the Collection Fund, General Fund Balances and a Business Rates Equalisation Reserve.
- 7.6 A balanced MTFP is fundamental in demonstrating robust and secure financial management. Delivering a balanced position requires continual review and revision of plans to allow alternative financial proposals to be developed and embedded in plans as situations change. A delay in agreeing these may put the timetable for setting the 2023/24 budget at risk and may result in a balanced budget not being identified in time for the deadline of 11 March 2023.
- 7.7 Assumptions have been made in the current budget outlook for income and funding from business rates and council tax and social care grants as the main sources of funding. If there is an adverse change to these assumptions as a result of government announcements, additional savings proposals or reduced expenditure would need to be identified as soon as possible to ensure a balanced five-year MTFP can be achieved. Committees will be kept updated with any announcements regarding the local government finance settlement through the year.
- 7.8 Sections 25 to 29 of the Local Government Act 2003 impose duties on the Council in relation to how it sets and monitors its budget. These provisions require the Council to make prudent allowance for the risk and uncertainties in its budget and regularly monitor its finances during the year. The legislation leaves discretion to the Council about the allowances to be made and action to be taken.

8.0 ENGAGEMENT/CONSULTATION

- 8.1 Consultation has been carried out with the Senior Leadership Team in arriving at the governance process for the 2022/23 budget monitoring process and the 2023/24 budget setting process.
- 8.2 The report makes note of consultation that will follow the formulation of budget proposals which will take the form of engagement with local residents and businesses in respect of the budget setting process.

9.0 EQUALITY IMPLICATIONS

- 9.1 Wirral Council has a legal requirement to make sure its policies, and the way it carries out its work, do not discriminate against anyone. An Equality Impact Assessment is a tool to help council services identify steps they can take to ensure equality for anyone who might be affected by a particular policy, decision or activity.
- 9.2 There are no specific equality implications of this report regarding processes, however, it is recognised that some of the developing proposals for 2023/24 budget and beyond could have equality implications. Any implications will be considered and any negative impacts will be mitigated where possible.
- 9.3 Equality implications will be assessed during planning, decision and implementation stages and will be recognised as an ongoing responsibility. Any equality implications will be reported to the Committees. Equality issues will be a conscious consideration and an integral part of the process.

10.0 ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE IMPLICATIONS

10.1 At this time, there are no additional environmental and climate implications as these have already been identified for the proposals agreed and submitted. However, where the budget is unbalanced and further proposals are required, then there may be environment and climate implications associated with these that will be addressed within the relevant business cases presented to the Committee. There are no direct environmental and climate implications of this report on process. However, where the budget is unbalanced and further proposals are required, then there may be environment and climate implications associated with these that will be addressed within the relevant Committee. In addition, it is recognised that some of the developing proposals for 2023/24 budget and beyond could have environmental and climate implications. Any implications will be considered, and any negative impacts will be mitigated where possible.

11.0 COMMUNITY WEALTH IMPLICATIONS

11.1 This report has no direct community wealth implications however the budget proposals to be developed should take account of related matters across headings such as the following:

Progressive Procurement and Social Value

How we commission and procure goods and services. Encouraging contractors to deliver more benefits for the local area, such as good jobs, apprenticeship, training & skills opportunities, real living wage, minimising their environmental impact, and greater wellbeing.

More local & community ownership of the economy Supporting more cooperatives and community businesses.

Enabling greater opportunities for local businesses.

Building on the experience of partnership working with voluntary, community and faith groups during the pandemic to further develop this sector.

• Decent and Fair Employment

Paying all employees a fair and reasonable wage.

• Making wealth work for local places

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APPENDICES

Appendix A Flow chart of the process for monitoring the 2022/23 budget

Appendix B Savings proposals agreed at full Council for 2022/23

Appendix C Flow chart of the process for the 2023/24 budget and timeline

Appendix D Committee Budget Book details

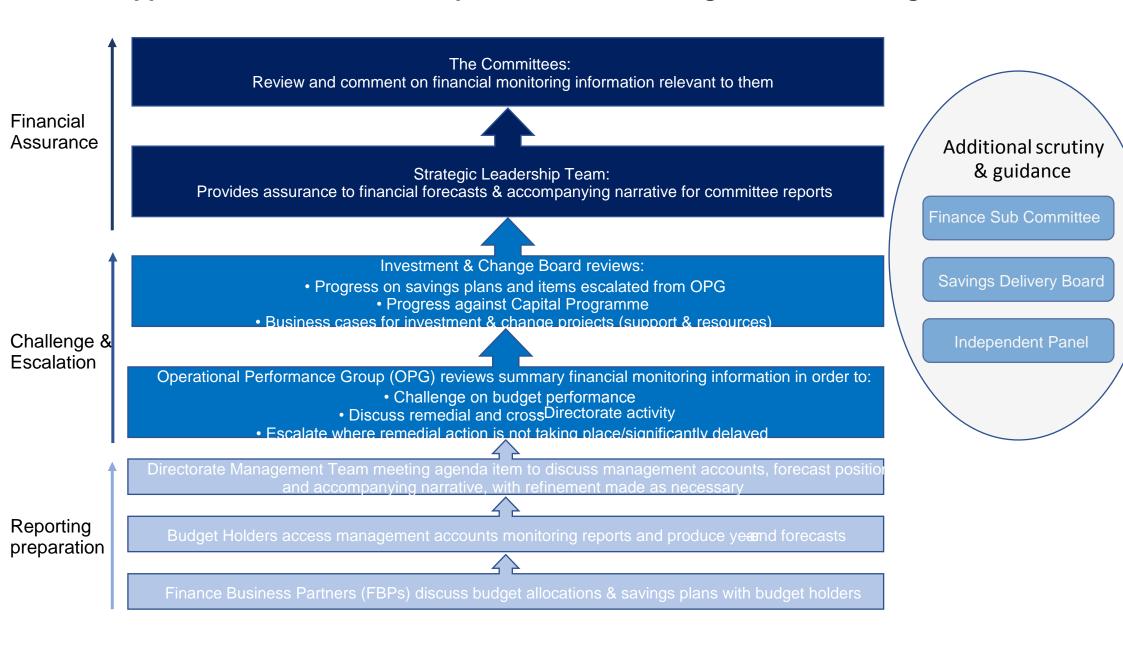
BACKGROUND PAPERS

Pressure and Growth Proposals Savings and Income Proposals DLUHC External Assurance Reports CIPFA's Financial Management Code

SUBJECT HISTORY (last 3 years)

Council Meeting	Date
Full Council	28 February 2022
Policy and Resources Committee	15 February 2022
Children, Young People & Education Committee	31 January 2022
Housing Committee	27 January 2022
Economy Regeneration & Development Committee	26 January 2022
Adult Social Care and Public Health Committee	25 January 2022
Environment, Climate Emergency and Transport Committee	20 January 2022
Tourism, Communities, Culture & Leisure Committee	18 January 2022
Policy and Resources Committee	17 January 2022
Policy and Resources Committee	1 December 2021
Policy and Resources Committee	30 November 2021
Policy and Resources Committee	25 October 2021
Policy and Resources Committee	09 June 2021
Policy and Resources Committee	17 March 2021

Appendix A Flow chart of the process for monitoring the 2022-23 budget



Appendix B – Savings proposals agreed at full Council for 2022-23

Savings Proposals:	2022-23 (£m)
Adult Care & Health	ZOZZ ZO (ZIII)
Adult Care & Health demand mitigations	-3.89
Addit Care & Ficality demand miligations	3.03
Children, Families & Education	
Reduction of Historic Teacher's Pensions Costs	-0.20
Alternative Accommodation Provision for Children Looked After	-1.00
Utilisation of demand reserve for COVID pressures	-0.47
Children's Services Redesign and posts deletion/closure	-0.29
Reduction in adoption orders	-0.05
Reduction in Looked After Children (LAC) numbers	-0.56
Review of Youth Offending Service (YOS)	-0.03
Special Educational Needs (SEND) Transport Review	-0.15
Increase funding for placements from CCG and SEND	-0.20
Redesign of Youth Offer	-0.20
Trodesign of Touri Choi	0.20
Law & Governance	
Capitalisation of salaries	-0.20
Removal of individual ward member budgets	-0.18
Reduction in the Number of Committees	-0.15
Whole Council Elections	-0.13
Whole Oddholl Elections	0.10
Neighbourhood Services	
Review of Leisure service	-0.18
Highways Operational Services - Income Exploration	-0.03
Closure of Europa Fun/Leisure Pool & Enhanced Gym Offer	-0.27
Increase catering across all Leisure Sites	-0.06
Outdoor Water Sports Offer at West Kirby Marine Lake	-0.02
Catering Pod at Leasowe Leisure Centre for Football Traffic	-0.02
Permanent Closure and Demolition of Woodchurch Leisure Centre	-0.40
Temporary Closure and Remodelling of Bidston Tennis Centre	-0.11
Review of Golf Offer	-0.33
Exercise referral programme	-0.10
Reprovision of the Library Service	-0.65
Floral pavilion - plans to reduce subsidy	-0.35
Fleet efficiencies in Transport - going green	-0.02
Capitalisation of Highways salaries	-0.02
Highways maintenance Contracts	-0.03
Street Lighting Service Savings	-0.05
Car park maintenance 1 year budget reduction	-0.05
Transport efficiencies	-0.07
Eco and Forest School Income	-0.02
Tree management Team Commercial Offer	-0.03
Rent of Café - Royden	-0.01
Income increase on allotments	-0.05
Increase in charges for Waste and Environmental services.	-0.46
Removal of Vacancies in Environmental and Waste team	-0.10

Appendix B – Savings proposals agreed at full Council for 2022-23

Savings Proposals (continued):	2022-23 (£m)
Neighbourhood Services (continued)	
Suspension of Climate Emergency Initiatives	-0.13
Remodelling of Street Cleansing: Plus special events	-0.21
Review of overtime budget in Parks	-0.02
Reduce grass cutting from 10 to 8 cuts	-0.10
Cease community firework displays	-0.03
Income Strategy - Cemeteries and crematorium service	-0.05
Fund ASB Post from PCC grant	-0.05
Review Engagement Officer secondment	-0.04
Reduction in Community Patrol Service	-0.15
Introduce Overnight Camper Van Parking Charge in New Brighton	-0.04
Cessation of Constituency Team and Remodelling of Section	-0.35
Deletion of Vacant Posts	-0.30
Review of Neighbourhoods Service Directorate	-0.36
Reduction in budget for office related expenditure	-0.02
Regeneration & Place	
Cease support for Community Alarms	-0.20
Reconfiguration of Commissioned Homelessness accommodation	-0.12
Capitalisation of Regeneration Staff Salaries	-1.42
The Closure Public Conveniences	-0.05
Corporate buildings - holding costs	-0.05
To reduce heating in occupied council buildings by 2 degrees	-0.11
Resources	
One Stop Shop establishment review	-0.10
Review of Treasury activity	-0.50
Revenues & Benefits Review and Restructure	-0.75
Strategic Change revenue budget reduction	-0.65
Restructure of Commercial Income Team	-0.23
Review of Finance Team Structure	-0.05
Cease Business Rates Contribution	-0.70
Modernisation of Information & Communications Technology Service	-0.05
Review of Business Support Unit	-0.02
Review of Internal Audit - Efficiencies and Income	-0.08
Reduction in Learning & Development Budget	-0.10
Chief Executive Office	
Service Redesign	-0.11
TOTAL SAVINGS PROPOSALS:	-18.24

Appendix C Flow chart of the process for the 2023/24 budget and timeline

28 February22

Full Council 2022/23budget approved Government Spring
Budget announcement

16 March22

Policy& Resources
Committee (P&R)
Reportconsidered to agree
budget process

May_June22

Elections Annual Council
Appointment

Committees/Committee Places

June August 22

P&R agree budget envelopes

The Committees conduct budget workshops

MTFP position and potential budget gap to be considered. Contemporaneous budget intelligence to be reviewed, challenged and modified through a number of approaches, including:

- reviewing budget pressures with the aim of reducing them
- reviewing income streams to ensure that maximum benefits are being obtained.
- reviewing opportunities for budget efficiencies and savings.

Dec 22 Jan 23

P&R

Repor(s) considered to review budget consultation feedback, budget proposals & provisional government finance settlement (subject to availability

All Members of public consultation circulated to all Members

Government
Provisional Funding
settlement

October- November22

BudgetConsultation

Potentiabudget options put forward for external review and comment

September 22

P&R consider draft budget proposals

Presentatior budget workshop outcomes/potentia budget options agreed

February 23

P&R

Review S151 Officers budget report

P&R Committee to recommend budget to Full Council

GovernmenFinal Funding settlement

February_March 23

Full Council

Full Council to approve the budget.

Adult Social Care and Public Health Committee 2022-23 Budget Book

Contents:

Α.	Introduction and 2022-23 Budget summary	Pg. 19
В.	Service area summary narratives	Pg. 20
C.	2022-23 Subjective and Objective Budgets	Pg. 22
D.	2022-23 Approved Savings	Pg. 24
Ε.	Capital Budgets	Pg. 24
F.	Reserves	Pg. 25
G.	Performance Data	Pg. 25

A. INTRODUCTION AND 2022-23 BUDGET SUMMARY

The Adult Social Care and Public Health Committee oversees and is responsible for the full range of Adult Social Care and Public Health services that the population of our Borough require. This includes not only formal statutory care services but also preventative and community-based services, as well as responding outbreaks of disease.

The Committee will hold the Director to account for oversight of the care market including service commissioning and quality standards of adult social care services.

The Committee is responsible for Safeguarding vulnerable people, ensuring that social care needs are met and enabling people to live fulfilling lives and stay as independent as possible. The Adult Social Care and Health Committee is also responsible for the promotion of the health and wellbeing for the whole population of the Borough.

The tables below breakdown and explain the financial resources available to the Committee in 2022-23.

REVENUE BUDGETS

Revenue Budgets are the monies the Council allocates for its day-to-day expenditure. It is the amount of money the Council requires to provide its services during the year.

Table 1 below, highlights how the revenue budgets are allocated across the various Service Areas of the Adult Care and Health Directorate.

TABLE 1: 2022/23 Adult Social Care and Public Health – Service Budget

Service Area	Budget £000
Adult Social Care Central Functions Older People Services - WCFT Mental Health & Disability Services - CWP Other Care Commissions Public Health Wirral Intelligence Service	8,977 53,111 52,668 93 -262 519
Committee Budget	115,107

B. <u>SERVICE AREA SUMMARY NARRATIVES</u>

ASC Central Functions: This service area contains the central teams and support service functions which help adult social care to operate efficiently. Teams such as the Directorate Management Team, the Safeguarding Team and the Contract and Commissioning Team are included within this service area.

Older People Services – WCHCT: This service area relates to the services for adult social care that range from 18+ and includes the vast majority of individuals that link in with Adult Social Care and primary services/community services. This support is largely for residents who require support in the short to medium term and mostly affects people coming out of hospital or illnesses occurring in later years of residents' lives. The delivery of these services is transferred to an external provider, NHS Wirral Community Health and Care Trust (WCHCT). WCHCT have the contractual responsibility to manage the day-to-day operation of the services and are tasked with working collaboratively with the Council and partners to seek future efficiencies to mitigate against anticipated future service growth pressures. Services included in this area are Hospital Discharge, MASH (Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub) as well as support for older people to live independently at home, or with varying degrees of support, as per their assessment and support plan.

Mental Health & Disability Services – CWP: This service area relates to the individuals with complex needs/ diagnoses and usually have access to Secondary Services, such as Learning Disability Nursing and/or Mental Health services. This support is person-centred specialist support for someone, usually, with a chronic or long-term health condition, who requires extra assistance to manage their symptoms and day-to-day activities. There are three main types of services, Learning Disability (LD), Mental Health (MH) and Children with Disabilities (CwD). The delivery of these services is transferred to an external provider, the Cheshire and Wirral Partnership NHS Foundation Trust (CWP). CWP have the contractual responsibility to manage the day-to-day operation of the services and are tasked with working collaboratively

with the Council and partners to seek future efficiencies to mitigate against anticipated future service growth pressures.

Other Care Commissions: This service area contains services and commissions which are generic to the work of Adult Social Care and/or do not fit easily within the service areas of Complex or Non-Complex care. Services such as Assistive Technology and the equipment service contract, as well as the commissions with voluntary organisations.

Public Health: Public Health responsibilities include, improving the health and wellbeing of residents, reducing differences between the health of different groups by promoting healthier lifestyles, providing Public Health advice to the NHS and the public, protecting residents from public health threats and hazards and preparing for and responding to public health emergencies.

Wirral Intelligence Service: This service area relates to the Wirral Intelligence Service Team who work with partners, groups and communities to help improve understanding of Wirral and its people; providing analysis which can be used to support services and campaigns for improving outcomes for residents.

Better Care Fund and the Section 75 pooled fund agreement

Elements of the Adult Social Care budgets, shown above, are funded via the Better Care Fund.

The Better Care Fund (BCF) is a programme, spanning both the NHS and local government, which seeks to join up health and social care services so that people can manage their own health and wellbeing and remain as independent as possible.

The Council has entered a pooled budget arrangement in partnership with Wirral NHS Clinical Commissioning Group, under Section 75 of the Health Act 2006, for the commissioning and delivery of various integrated Care & Health functions. This pooled budget is hosted by the Council and includes, but is not limited to, services funded by the Better Care Fund.

The pool incentivises the NHS and local government to work more closely together around people, placing their well-being as the focus of care and health services. The pooled fund arrangements are well established in Wirral and enable a range of responsive services to vulnerable Wirral residents, as well as a significant component of BCF funding to protect frontline social care delivery.

C. 2022-23 SUBJECTIVE AND OBJECTIVE BUDGETS

Table 2, below, highlights how the revenue budget is allocated across the various subjectives or types of expenditure.

TABLE 2: 2022/23 Adult Social Care and Public Health – Subjective Budget

Subjective	Budget
	£000
Income	-85,349
Expenditure:	
Employee	7,838
Non-Pay	59,669
Cost of Care	132,949
Total Expenditure	200,456
Committee Budget	115,107

Table 3 below, provides a further detailed breakdown of the service budgets.

TABLE 3: 2022/23 Adult Social Care and Public Health - Service budgets

Service Areas	Income (£000)	Employee (£000)	Non- Pay (£000)	Cost of Care (£000)	Committee Total (£000)
Central Functions	-579	3,687	4,589	1,281	8,977
Older People Services - WCHCT					
WCHCT Commissioning Contract	-4,147	0	9,833	-488	5,197
Neighbourhoods	-20,732	0	1	66,701	45,969
Integrated Neighbourhood Services	-2,775	0	65	4,655	1,945
Mental Health & Disability Services - CWP					
CWP Commissioning Contract	-475	0	6,182	-888	4,819
All Age Disability Service	-9,059	0	0	39,170	30,111
Mental Health Services	-3,957	0	2	14,278	10,323
Children with Disabilities Service	-80	2	96	1,102	1,120

Integrated Disability Services	-843	0	0	7,138	6,295
Other Care Commissions					
Care Commissions	-6,660	158	6,594	0	93
Adult Social Care Total	-49,307	3,846	27,361	132,949	114,850

Service Areas	Income Budget (£000)	Employee (£000)	Non- Pay (£000)	Cost of Care (£000)	Service Sub Total
Public Health					
Wider determinants of health	-31,303	1,403	10,190	0	-19,709
Collaborative Service CHAMPS	-2,466	1,615	851	0	0
Children Non-Core Healthy Child Prog.	0	0	424	0	424
Children Core Healthy Child Prog.	0	0	5,422	0	5,422
Adults Health Improvement	0	0	393	0	393
Children Health Improvement	0	0	591	0	591
Drugs and Alcohol Abuse Adults	-1,727	71	7,638	0	5,982
Stop Smoking Services	0	0	737	0	737
Sexual Health Services	0	0	2,938	0	2,938
Health Protection-Infection Control	0	0	490	0	490
Public Mental Health	-143	0	1,360	0	1,217
Miscellaneous Public Health	0	0	1,254	0	1,254
Suicide Prevention	0	0	0	0	0
Public Health Total	-35,639	3,090	32,288	0	-262
Wirral Intelligence Service	-403	902	20	0	519
COMMITTEE BUDGET TOTAL	-85,349	7,838	59,669	132,949	115,107

D. <u>APPROVED SAVINGS</u>

Saving Title	Agreed Value	Forecast Value	RAG Rating	Comments
Demand Mitigations and change initiatives	£3.89m	£3.89m	Green	On target to be achieved
TOTAL	£3.89M	£3.89M		

E. CAPITAL BUDGETS

Capital budgets are the monies allocated for spend on providing or improving noncurrent assets, which include land, buildings and equipment, which will be of use or benefit in providing services for more than one financial year.

TABLE 4: 2022/23 Adult Social Care and Public Health – Capital Budget

	2022/23			
Capital Programme	Budget	Borrowing	Grants	Variance
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG)	433		433	433
Citizen and Provider Portal/Integrated I.T.	76	52	24	76
Extra Care Housing	5,231	3,586	1,645	5,231
Liquid Logic – Early Intervention & Prevention	219	219	0	219
Telecare & Telehealth Ecosystem	1,364	0	1,364	1,364
Total	7,323	3,857	3,466	7,323

F. RESERVES

TABLE 5: 2022/23 Adult Social Care and Public Health - Reserves

Reserve Name	Value £	Total £
Public Health Ringfenced Grant	6,594,139	
Champs Innovation Fund	3,163,361	
Champs Covid-19 Contact Tracing Hub	3,893,628	
Project ADDER	871,478	
Better Care Fund	236,064	
Safeguarding Adults Board	106,119	
Adult Social Care & Public Health Total		14,864,789

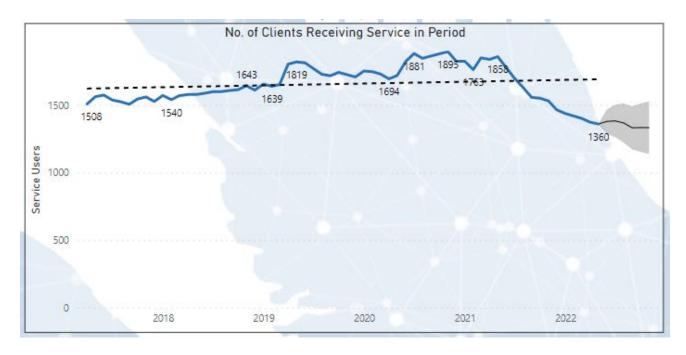
G. PERFORMANCE DATA

Residential/ Nursing Services



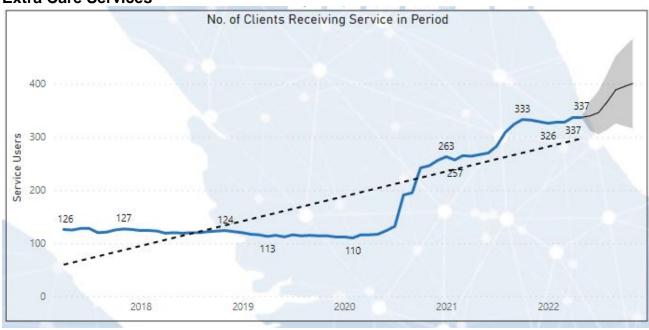
The table above identifies the number of clients accessing residential and nursing services between 2017 and 2022. The data shows client numbers reducing by 9% over this period, although there was a 2% increase during the financial year 2021/22. The impact of Covid-19 will be reflected within the activity shown, particularly against respite services which are still significantly lower than 2020.

Domiciliary Care Services



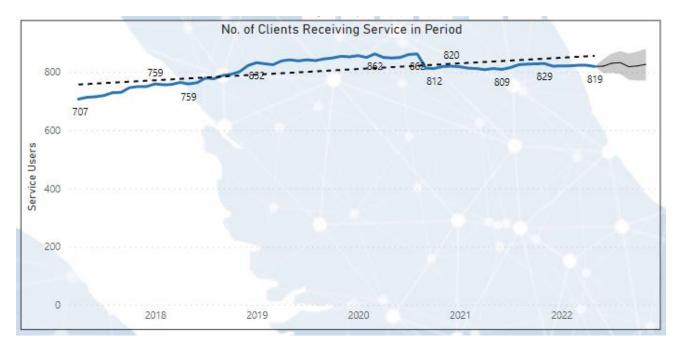
The table above identifies the number of clients accessing domiciliary care between 2017 and 2022. The data shows client numbers reducing by 10% (148 clients) over this period. The increase in extra care provision will account for some of this movement.

Extra Care Services



The table above identifies the number of clients accessing supported living services between 2017 and 2022. Investment in extra care services is reflected in the data with numbers increasing by 63% (211 clients) over this period.

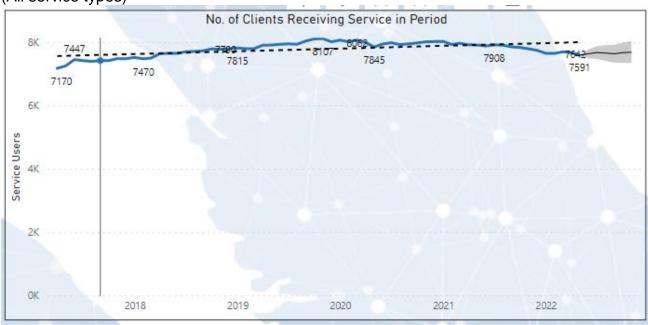
Supported Living Services



The table above identifies the number of clients accessing supported living services between 2017 and 2022. The data shows client numbers increasing by 14% over this period.

All Current Services

(All service types)



The table above identifies the overall number of clients accessing services between 2017 and 2022. Overall client numbers have seen an increase of 6% over this period with a small reduction of 4% during the financial year 2021/22

Market Position Statement

The Council is aiming in the long term to continue to reduce the number of long-term placements in residential and nursing settings as it continues to both improve and grow its domiciliary care offer and increase the number of Extra Care housing units.

The Council will continue to support and place people with only the most complex needs such, as dementia, in long term care home settings. We will continue to provide respite care for people including consideration of all options of supporting people in the community. We will reduce the number of placements for long term care in a care home setting and look at alternatives accommodation models and we will increase care and support at home offer so that more people can be supported in their own homes.

We will support people to sustain and improve the quality of their life living at home, preventing deterioration and social isolation through regular monitoring and support, diverting people away from inappropriate and long-term reliance on health and social care services unless they are absolutely necessary.

One of our main focuses for the future will be to deploy a range of technologies, with an ambitious roll out to support both health and care outcomes. This will include a range of technologies including electronic support planning, equipment to help people remain at home and also to enable them to be more independent and manage risk.

Leading up to the new charging reform which comes into effect October 2023, the department is currently undertaking a market sustainability and fair cost of care exercise. The outcome of this work on fees rates following the exercise will be known late summer – government funding has been received to support this process. Consideration will be given to the potential impact on the cycle of fee rate engagement in future years.

The financial impact of the charging reform is, as yet, unknown. Work has already commenced to prepare the council for this major change in the way people who use services will be assessed and charged for their care and to determine the year on year financial impact. The charging reform includes the introduction of care accounts with a cap on the amount people pay towards their care, after which they may be entitled to Council funding, and a significant re-setting of the financial threshold below which people may be entitled to Council funding for their care. The financial impact of this reform will be significant for Councils.